

ENTRANCE TEST FOR Ph.D. PROGRAMME, 2023

SYRIAC

Time : Three Hours

Maximum : 100 Marks

Part A

Answer all questions.

Each question carries 1 mark.

Choose the correct answer from the choices given :

1. The metre of Ephrem the Syrian is _____

2. The literal meaning of the word analog is —

3. The word meaning of بِهَا is _____.

- (a) Vigil. (b) Sermon.
(c) Retreat. (d) Praise.

- 4: Syriac term for the *Table of contents* is _____.

- (a) **ቃዕሮች** (b) **ሕድወኬ**
 (c) **ክንፋል** (d) **ክናላ**

5. *Homily on Consecration of Myron* is composed by _____.

- (a) Thomas of Cana. (b) Jerome.
(c) George, bishop of the Arabs. (d) Narsai.

Turn over

6. The word نَسْمَة means :

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| (a) Fellowship. | (b) Communion. |
| (c) Ink. | (d) Common. |

7. Syriac word for *Volume* is _____.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) <u>عَصْل</u> | (b) <u>عَصْلَة</u> |
| (c) <u>عَصْلَه</u> | (d) <u>عَصْلَه</u> |

8. The word رِحَابَه means _____.

- | | |
|--------------|----------------|
| (a) Joy. | (b) Circle. |
| (c) Healing. | (d) Stability. |

9. Meaning of the word رَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ is _____.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) Consideration. | (b) God's grace. |
| (c) Thanks giving. | (d) Praise to You. |

10. Feminine gender (singular) of the word لَحْمٌ is _____.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) <u>لَحْمَه</u> | (b) <u>لَحْمَه</u> |
| (c) <u>لَحْمَه</u> | (d) <u>أَحْمَه</u> |

11. Singular of لَفَالَّهِ is _____.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) <u>لَفَلِه</u> | (b) <u>لَفَلِه</u> |
| (c) <u>لَفَلِه</u> | (d) <u>لَفَلِه</u> |

12. Syriac term for Wednesday is _____.

- (a) **אַחֲדָה חַמְתָּא**
- (b) **אַקְדָּה חַמְתָּא**
- (c) **שְׁعִמָּה חַמְתָּא**
- (d) **חַמְתָּא אַקְדָּה**

13. Syriac name for the month of June is _____.

- (a) **יְנֵאָה**
- (b) **יְנֵאָה**
- (c) **אַחַת**
- (d) **סְלָמָה**

14. Syriac word for the day after tomorrow is _____.

- (a) **לְבָתָר**
- (b) **לְמָחֵט**
- (c) **חַמְתָּא**
- (d) **חַמְתָּא לְבָתָר**

15. Syriac word for West _____.

- (a) **מְבָשֵׂר**
- (b) **לְמַעַן**
- (c) **מְדֹנָה**
- (d) **לְמַחְטָה**

16. The word **רְקָאָה** indicates :

- (a) Soft sound.
- (b) Full stop.
- (c) End of stanzas.
- (d) Hard sound.

17. The word **רְקָאָה** means :

- (a) Ascension.
- (b) Annunciation.
- (c) Conclusion.
- (d) Strong desire.

Turn over

18. The word നൃജിവാ means :

- (a) Happiness of the Church.
- (b) Great joy.
- (c) Sanctification of the Church.
- (d) Ecclesiastical.

19. The Syriac word for *marriage* is _____.

- (a) കലാം
- (b) കിംബ
- (c) ക്രാ ഓഡ
- (d) ക്രാ ദി

20. Who is known by the name *Harp of the Holy Spirit* ?

- (a) Mar Balai.
- (b) Mar Jacob.
- (c) Mar Ignatius.
- (d) Mar Ephrem.

21. One of the oldest centres which preserves Syriac manuscripts is _____.

- (a) Kaduthuruthy church.
- (b) Collection of Archdeacons at Kuravilangad.
- (c) Chingavanam.
- (d) Pampakuda Konat collection.

22. നൃജിവാ is a prayer recited by Priest in :

- (a) Low voice.
- (b) Loud voice.
- (c) Confession.
- (d) Respect.

23. Aphrahat composed :

- (a) 29 demonstrations.
- (b) 11 demonstrations.
- (c) 23 demonstrations.
- (d) 15 memras.

24. The decline of the Syriac literature started in the

- (a) 3rd Century.
- (b) 13th Century.
- (c) 7th Century.
- (d) 1st Century.

25. **କିମ୍ବା** is :

- (a) Dialogue. (b) Song.
(c) Metrical homily. (d) Tune.

26. The Syriac word רְאֵת means:

- (a) Typical. (b) Long.
(c) Common. (d) Short.

27. The Syriac word for *suffix* is :

- (a)  (b) 

(c)  (d) 

'28. _____ contains the seven canonical hours for each day of the week.

- (a) Penkito. (b) Taksa.
(c) Ekkara. (d) Shihmo.

29. Syriac word for the 9th hour prayer :

30. Syriac word for *Pronoun* :

- (a) ملما (b) معا
 (c) سلو (d) سلو معا

31. Meaning of **جُنْدُلْ تَعْكِيرْ** :

- | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| (a) Masculine Gender. | (b) Feminine Gender. |
| (c) Common Gender. | (d) Neutral Gender. |

32. The vowel **فَاءِ** is :

- | | |
|-----|-----|
| (a) | (b) |
| (c) | (d) |

33. _____ is the term used for *Alphabets*.

- | | |
|-----|-----|
| (a) | (b) |
| (c) | (d) |

34. The numerical value of **فَاءِ** :

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (a) 700. | (b) 800. |
| (c) 900. | (d) 600. |

35. **أَكْتَافُ الْمُهَاجِرْ** is :

- | | |
|----------|-----------|
| (a) 543. | (b) 643. |
| (c) 553. | (d) 5043. |

36. The meaning of **جَنْهُوكْ** is :

- | | |
|------------------|--------------|
| (a) Against me. | (b) Near me. |
| (c) Against you. | (d) Like me. |

37. When ؟ is used after the preposition , its meaning will be _____.

- (a) Suddenly.
- (b) Definitely.
- (c) Because.
- (d) Obviously.

38. _____ is the Syriac word for *Immediately*.

- (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)

39. _____ is the Syriac word for *Imperative*.

- (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)

40. means :

- (a) Third.
- (b) Fourth.
- (c) Second.
- (d) Seventh.

41. denotes :

- (a) House of Jesus.
- (b) Birthday.
- (c) Forehead.
- (d) House sanctification.

42. means :

- (a) Door lock.
- (b) Sunset.
- (c) Sea shore.
- (d) Curtain.

43. **لُوكَهُ امْ** means :

- | | |
|---------------|----------------------|
| (a) Today | (b) On the same day. |
| (c) Tomorrow. | (d) Yesterday. |

44. **لُوكَهُ** derives from the root _____.

- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) لُوكَهُ | (b) لُوكَهُ |
| (c) لُوكَهُ | (d) لُوكَهُ |

45. **لُوكَهُ** is the _____ form of **لُوكَهُ**.

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| (a) لُوكَهُ [Paupel]. | (b) لُوكَهُ [Shaphel]. |
| (c) لُوكَهُ [Palpel]. | (d) لُوكَهُ [Aphel]. |

46. Author of the book : "The Christians of St. Thomas in South India and their Syriac Manuscripts":

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| (a) Alexander de Campos. | (b) Fr. Emmanuel Thelly. |
| (c) J.P.M. van der Ploeg. | (d) Sebastian Paul Brock. |

47. The term Estrangela derives from the Greek word _____.

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| (a) Ethos. | (b) Hoi polloi. |
| (c) Strongule. | (d) Dogma. |

48. The mode of writing Malayalam in Syriac characters is called _____.

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| (a) Malayalam rubrics. | (b) Arabic Karshon. |
| (c) Syriac Karshon. | (d) Malayalam Karshon. |

49. **شُكْرٌ** means :

- (a) Everything. (b) Every day.
(c) Everybody. (d) All.

50. _____ is the *Imperative* of **it**.

- (a)  (b) 
 (c)  (d) 

(50 x 1 = 50 marks)

Part B

*Answer any ten questions.
Each question carries 5 marks.*

Translate the following :

53. حملہ کے بعد اپنے مکان پر بڑھ کر جائیں۔ اسی طبقہ کا مکان اپنے مکان پر بڑھ کر جائیں۔ اسی طبقہ کا مکان اپنے مکان پر بڑھ کر جائیں۔

54. آمده ڪڻما ڪڻ ٿڻا. آمده ڪڻما ۾ ڪڻا ۽ ڪڻا. آمده ڪڻما ۽ ڪڻا گمڻه. هئي هئي ڪڻما ڪڻا ۽ ڪڻا. هئي هئي ڪڻما ڪڻا ۽ ڪڻا. آنڌا ڪڻما ۾ ڪڻا ۽ ڪڻا.

Turn over

55. حنکے نہ ہوئے پھر لے پھٹے لے۔ وحدت کی وجہ سے ہے بخوبی۔ وحدت کی
لئے بخوبی۔ لفڑ، رہنڈ، پیچنڈ، بھولپل، پھر اس کیلئے عزم ہے۔

56. مدد کے زم صفحہ کاں۔ سلم حکماں۔ کاراں کاں۔ حضور کاں۔ صفت کے
لے دھالیم۔ تے دھالیم کاں۔ حضور تے دھالیم۔ لئے دھالیم کاں۔
57. مذکرا شہزاد۔ مذکرا پلکر۔ مذکرا شہزاد مذکرا پلکر۔ مذکرا آنے۔ حکمی مذکرا۔
آنے مذکرا۔ ملے۔ ملے۔ ملے۔ ملے۔

58. دھالیم کلے کاں کے کے کے۔ لب کاں دھالیم۔ لب کاں دھالیم۔ لب
کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کلے کے کے کے۔ کلے کے کے دھالیم۔
59. دھالیم لئے دھالیم کاں دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم
کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم
کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔

60. دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم
کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم کاں دھالیم۔ دھالیم

Parse the following:

61. لَكُنْتُ أَنْتَ
62. مَقْلِهِ أَنْتَ
63. حُبُّكُمْ أَنْتَ
64. أَتَقْلِي

(10 x 5 = 50 marks)